THE [*Numb.* 784.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *May* 15, 1760.

PETERSBOURG, January 25.

EVERY Thing here ſhews that the War will be continued another Year, and accordingly the Preparations for carrying it on are more forward than uſual. It is further reſolved, that from May till Auguſt the Army ſhall be ſupplied with Neceſſaries by Sea, and for that Purpoſe proper Meaſures for providing of Shipping are already concerted; but as we are not ſufficiently ſtocked for that Service, foreign Veſſels may be made Uſe of much to their Advantage. We ſhall act next Campaign upon a Plan of our own, and not follow implicitly that which the Court of Vienna may propoſe; by which Means we ſhall avoid many of the Inconveniencies of the laſt Campaign. Our principal Object will be the Siege of Colberg. We can act on that Side with much leſs Difficulty and Expence than on the Side of Sileſia, where all our military Stores and Proviſions muſt be conveyed by Land Carriage.

Berlin, Feb. 2. We have the following diſagreeable News from Anclam:

Two free Companies and a Battalion of Hordt's Regiment being poſted in the Suburb of the above City, which is on the other Side of the Peene, were on the 28th ult. at Five o'Clock in the Morning ſuddenly attacked by the Swedes, who drove them into Anclam, and enter'd that City after them: On the firſt Alarm, Gen. Manteuffel haſted to the Succour of the Pruſſians, but was no ſooner arrived than he unhappily received three Wounds from the Enemy, which brought him to the Ground, and tho' he defended himſelf with great Bravery, he was made Priſoner of War. A Major, 3 Lieutenants, and 187 Soldiers ſhared the ſame Fate. We had beſides 13 Men killed, and 12 wounded; and the Enemy took from us three Pieces of Cannon. But Major General de Sutterheim having ſpeedily mounted his Horſe, and taken the Command of our Troops, he ſoon repulſed the Swedes, and made 38 of them Priſoners, among whom is one Lieutenant. The Enemy has made no freſh Attempt ſince, and our Troops are poſted along the Peene, in order to receive them, ſhould they again return to the Charge.

A Cartel is concluded between us and the Swedes for the Exchange of Priſoners.

Hanau, Feb. 7. Immediately after the Deceaſe of the late Landgrave of Heſſe, the Princeſs Mary of England, Wife of the preſent Landgrave, took upon her in Quality of Guardian of her Children, the Regency and Adminiſtration of the County of Hanau-Muntzenbourg, as belonging to her eldeſt Son Prince William of Heſſe, by virtue of the Abdication formerly made thereof in his favour by the Prince his Father; and her Royal Highneſs has ſent a Patent enjoining all the Subjects of this County to acknowledge the Prince her eldeſt Son, as their lawful Sovereign, the Princes his Brothers as his lawful Succeſſors, and herſelf as their Guardian during their Minority.

Rome, Feb. 23. They write from Conſtantinople that the Cities of Damaſcus, Antioch, Tiberiade, Safat, and Joppa, have been overthrown by Earthquakes, and thoſe of Tripoli and Sidon much damaged.

Paris, Feb. 4. The 20th of laſt Month at a Quarter after Ten in the Evening a ſlight Shock of an Earthquake was felt here, but one much ſtronger at Verſailles; and at Perſonne it was ſo violent for two or three Minutes, that the Inhabitants ran out of their Houſes fearing to be ſwallowed up.

The Seine has alſo overflowed ſeveral Parts of this Capital, and laid all the flat Country under Water; inſomuch, that we apprehend a more conſiderable Inundation.

Hamburgh, Feb. 19. Letters from Francfort on the Oder import, that the Ruſſian Troops were actually coming forwards: That their Army was divided into three Columns; and that the Parties of one of theſe Columns, which is ſaid to be 28000 ſtrong, had already appeared in the Neighbourhood of Hernſtadt and Gubrau. Theſe Letters add, that if this Column is really intended for penetrating into Sileſia, it will meet with great Obſtacles, as Gen. Fouquet is poſted with his Corps near Glogau, and ſome other Pruſſian Troops, will be aſſembled on the Oder below that Fortreſs. Magazines for the Subſiſtance of theſe Troops are already formed at Berlin.

Prince *Henry* of Pruſſia, who went to Wirtemberg for the Recovery of his Health, is ſo much better, that it is thought he will very ſpeedily return to the Army.

They write from Thuringia, that the Troops commanded by the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick, are upon their March in order to rejoin the Allied Army, and take Winter Quarters in Weſtphalia.

Dreſden, Feb. 13. A malignant Fever reigns amongſt the Inhabitants and the Troops. Marſhal Daun is often here. During his Abſence the Command of the Army is intruſted to the Duke d'Arenberg.

Berlin, Feb. 17. The King touched with Compaſſion towards the Widows and Children of the Soldiers who have died in his Service, has juſt cauſed a conſiderable Sum of Money to be diſtributed amongſt them, as well as to the Poor of this Capital.

Verſailles, Feb. 29. M. de Villemur, who was ordered by the Court to ſee the Officers of a certain Regiment at Metz exemplarily puniſhed, arrived there the 4th in the Evening, and immediately ordered ſuch of the Delinquants as were at Liberty to be put under Arreſt. Next Morning the *Generale* was beat, and when the Troops were all under Arms, M. de Villemur ordered ſtrict Silence to be obſerved on Pain of Death. He then read, with a loud Voice, the Sentence, by which three Captains were condemned to be broke on the Wheel, and 45 others to be caſhiered and degraded from the Rank of Nobleſſe. Twelve of the latter are moreover to be impriſoned for five Years, and the reſt for one Year. The Sentence being read, the Delinquents paſſed, five at a Time, by the Scaffold where the Wheels were fixed, and after undergoing the uſual Ceremony of Degradation, were conducted to their ſeveral Priſons.

Berlin, Feb. 14. We have actually 100 Pieces of Cannon in our Arſenal ready to be ſent away to our Army. According to the laſt Advices from Saxony, the King was ſtill at Freyberg, and both Armies in that Electorate remained very quiet.

Nurenburg, Feb. 12. The Armies in Saxony continue to obſerve each other's Motions, and the Generals of the Army of the Empire are taking Meaſures to prevent their being ſurprized by the Corps of the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick.

Paderborn, Feb. 14. Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick has had his Head-Quarters here ever ſince the 30th of the laſt Month, and proper Parts are aſſigned for all the Troops under his Command during the Winter Seaſon; part of them in this Biſhopric, and the Remainder in thoſe of Munſter and Oſnabrug. General Imhoff commands the Chain of Frizlaer, covered by Marpourg and Dillenbourg, the interior Parts being occupied by the Hunters and Huſſars.

Caſſel, Feb. 15. The Corpſe of the late Landgrave our Sovereign, was brought on the 6th from Rintelen to this Place, and depoſited in the Caſtle, where it is to remain to the Time of Interment, which is not yet fixed. His Serene Highneſs Prince Frederick, our preſent Landgrave, is expected here from Magdebourg, about the End of this Month. We are now actually raiſing in this Country a new Corps of 6000 Men.

Paris, Feb. 18. Eight Companies of Marines are gone from Breſt to guard the Ships in the Villaine, which are entirely diſarmed. Notwithſtanding the Number of Engliſh Ships cruizing in thoſe Parts, a Convoy of Troops, Proviſion, and Ammunition, is got to Belleiſle, which will ſecure that Iſland from Danger.

According to the Accounts brought by the Ships that arrived a few Days ago from the Eaſt-Indies, there is reaſon to fear that the Engliſh will lay Siege to Pondicherry, as they are abſolutely Maſters of the Seas in that Part of the World.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Feb. 14. Tueſday laſt we had a moſt terrible Storm of Wind, during which a very melancholy Accident happened in the Firth: The Long-Boat belonging to the Stag Man of War, had put off from the Road, while the Weather was eaſy, for the Port of Leith. They had got pretty near the Harbour, when the Wind encreaſed to ſuch a Height, that they found it impoſſible to make it. They had nothing left, but either to regain their Ship, or make the oppoſite Shore. The firſt they likewiſe found impracticable; ſo were obliged to make for the Petticur of Kinghorn, and were within 100 Yards of the Shore when a large Sea overſet the Boat, and drove her to Pieces. There were on board a Lady, the Purſer, Surgeon, Surgeon's Mate, a Midſhipman, and nine Sailors, of all of whom the Surgeon's Mate was the only Perſon ſaved. The Purſer had got ſo near Shore, that a Countryman (ſeveral of whom were endeavouring to aſſiſt) had catched hold of him; but a Wave obliged him to quit his Hold, and drove the unhappy Gentleman, already quite ſpent, upon the Rocks, where he periſhed, before any further Aſſiſtance could be given him.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Feb. 16. Many counterfeit Guineas, made of Braſs, exactly reſembling Guineas of the Year 1759, are now paſſing by ſome Villains in this City.

On Thurſday the 7th of December laſt, the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor of this City, together with a Magiſtrate of the County, having perambulated the Liberties to ſee Peace and good Order preſerved, were overtaken by a riotous Mob in Thomas-ſtreet, who drove a Bull with great Violence on them, and obliged the ſaid Magiſtrates to retire into a Houſe in the ſaid Street, and that the ſaid County Magiſtrate was obliged himſelf to bring the Poddle-guard there to prevent any further Miſchief.

Galway, Feb. 11. By a Gentleman in the Neighbourhood of Sleave Murree in this County, we are informed of one of the moſt ſhocking Inſtances of the diſmal Effects of canine Madneſs that ever was related: A young Fellow of that Pariſh, who it ſeems had been bit by a mad Dog about three Years ago, but without the Appearance of any bad Effect, was married to a young Woman of the Village of Sleave Murree about ten Days ſince, and were bedded together; but in a ſhort Time after, the young Woman was heard to ſcream out in a frightful Manner, and to expreſs the Words, *Lord have Mercy upon me! Surely you muſt be mad!* Her Complaints increaſing, the young Fellow's Brother deſired her Father to open the Door, that they might ſee what was the Matter; but he, unfortunately declined it, 'till her more diſmal and dying Groans too late alarmed them! When burſting into the Room, they were preſented with the horrid Spectacle of the young Woman, moſt ſhockingly maſſacred, and he like a Fiend, wallowing in Blood, with her Liver, which he tore out of her Body, faſt held in his Teeth. As he had a Knife in his Hand, and a Wildneſs in his Aſpect not to be deſcribed, no Perſon would approach him; his Brother would have ſhot him, had he not been hindered; but at length, by a Nooſe, which by ſome Means they ſlipped about his Neck, he was further ſecured and tied down, to prevent his doing any further Miſchief.

LONDON, *February* 9.

We hear the Landgrave of Heſſe-Caſſel, born Anno 1682, is actually dead. He is ſucceeded in his Dominions by his only Son Frederick, who married her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Mary, 4th Daughter of his Majeſty King George II.

Feb. 12. Yeſterday Earl Ferrers was examined at the Bar of the Houſe of Lords, touching the Charge againſt him, for murdering his own Steward, and afterwards committed to the Tower. He ſet out from Leiceſter Goal under a ſtrong Guard on Monday, and arrived at Weſtminſter Yeſterday at Half an Hour paſt One, in his own Landau and ſix Horſes; He ſeemed quite calm and compoſed; by his Dreſs he appeared like a Jockey, in Jockey Boots, a ſtraight-bodied Cloth Frock, plain Shirt, and his own lank Hair. He deſired, on going from the Houſe, that neither his Mother, Brothers, Siſters, Aunt, or any Relation, would come near him; for he did not deſire to ſee any Relations, or Acquaintances. We hear he is to be tried in about ſeven Weeks, and that the Form will be the ſame as at the Trial of——— Stourton, in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth; to whom, after being found guilty, her Majeſty was pleaſed to give him his Choice, Whether he would be hanged in a Hempen or Silken Cord.

Extract of a Letter from Barnſtaple, Devon, Feb. 10.

"The 1ſt Inſtant, in a violent Storm, a new Ship of about 400 Tons was drove aſhore, and overſet behind Greſonhill; eleven of the Crew ſaved themſelves in the Boat, and ten were drowned. The Captain, who continued on board, hung by the Rails of the Veſſel, and ſaved his Life: But his little Boy that he held between his Legs periſhed with the Cold, and was waſhed overboard. 'Twas a ſhocking Sight to behold ſo many poor Souls lie dead, and one Side of the Veſſel ſtove to Pieces, and carried away by the Violence of the Storm. She ſailed from Briſtol about ten Weeks ago for the Weſt-Indies, and came back almoſt to our Bar, laden with Prize Goods, viz. Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, &c. conſigned to Devonſhire and Reeves, Merchants, in Briſtol.

When the Tide is out, ſhe lies dry a Quarter of a Mile from the Water, and the Country People are gathering up large Quantities of Goods that are left.

Feb. 28. The laſt Letters from Germany inform us, that the Britiſh Troops are extremely well ſatisfied with their Quarters, and have greater Plenty of Proviſions than they could have expected. Prince Ferdinand is ſo charmed with the Behaviour of his Officers in general, that he has cauſed circular Letters, full of Praiſes and Thanks, to be diſtributed throughout the Winter Quarters.

We hear from Cornwall, that the Militia is almoſt compleated, and that great Zeal and Loyalty have been ſhewn by the County in general upon this Occaſion. The Officers, on being informed by the Lord Lieutenant that they would be ſoon drawn out, expreſſed their Approbation by declaring they had great Pleaſure in ſerving their King and Country; and the private Gentlemen and Farmers, as ſoon as they knew the Number of Men appointed for their reſpective Pariſhes, entered into Subſcriptions for raiſing Subſtitutes, each Pariſh being determined to furniſh its Quota with none but the ſtouteſt young Fellows: Some Pariſhes give ſix and ſeven Pounds a Man, and others ten, or twelve, or even more, rather than not have the Pleaſure of procuring remarkably ſtrong Men; ſo that by the Time they are thoroughly diſciplined, there will probably be ſcarce ſuch another Regiment in his Majeſty's Service; and it is thought, ſhould the French ever dare to put their Courage and Strength to the Teſt, they will have great Reaſon to ſtyle them the *ſecond Regiment of Death.*

Briſtol, Feb. 23. The Damages done in this City and its Neighbourhood by the violent Hurricane, are almoſt innumerable; few Houſes having eſcaped being conſiderably hurt; ſeveral large Trees in the Square were forced up by the Roots; many Limbs were broken, and a poor Woman without Lawford's Gate was killed by the Fall of a Stack of Chimnies.

Norwich, Feb. 23. By the Storm of Wind on Friday Night laſt, conſiderable Damage was done in this City; the Tiles of many Houſes were ſtripped off, and the Tops of Chimnies were blown down. From many Parts of the County of Norfolk we are informed of Barns and Stacks of Hay and Corn being overthrown, and ſeveral Trees torn up by the Roots. Two Lighters were ſunk going from Norwich to Yarmouth.

Peterſfield, Feb. 20. By the high Wind Yeſterday in the Afternoon, a Fleet of Ships bound Southward were driven back. One of which, a loaden Collier, unfortunately ſtruck upon the inner Shoal off this Place, and by the Violence of the Waves was ſoon laid on her Side; and in about three Quarters of an Hour ſunk, and all the Crew periſhed in the Sight of many Spectators. The Weather was ſo extremely tempeſtuous, as rendered it impoſſible for the Boats from Shore to give any Aſſiſtance.

Liverpool, Feb. 22. The Gale of Wind at S. W. felt in moſt

moſt Parts of England on Friday Night laſt, proved fatal to ſeveral Perſons here. William Smith, John Brundred, and their Wives, together with the Maſter of a Coal River Flat, were drowned, happening unluckily to be on board two Flats which were ſunk on the Bank oppoſite the North Dock. A Number of ſmaller Craft were driven on Shore, and ſeveral Boats daſhed to Pieces on the Strand; the Height of the Gale being in the Night, prevented Aſſiſtance: Several Perſons ſaved themſelves by climbing up the Shrowds, and holding faſt by the Veſſels and Maſt-heads.

DUBLIN-CASTLE, *February* 25, 1760.

INTELLIGENCE has been received this Day, that on the 14th Inſtant the French remained in the Town and Caſtle of Carrickfergus, in Number about 760 of regular Troops, with 300 Marines, who are ſaid to be on board the 3 Frigates: That the Officer who commands their Troops is a Major-General, and had a Diſpute with Monſieur Thurot, about the Manner and Place of their being to land, the former inſiſting upon diſembarking their People five Miles below Carrickfergus, which he effected, the latter inſiſting upon landing at White-houſe, in order to attack the Town of Belfaſt. That by ſome Accident the Gunpowder which they found in the Caſtle of Carrickfergus, is all, or a great Part of it, loſt or damaged. That they have hauled the two ſmalleſt of their Ships as near the Caſtle as they can float. That there is in the River a Letter of Marque Ship of 16 Guns, and 100 Men, as alſo a ſmall Tender of 8 Guns, and 40 Men; and that the former had ſtopt the Supplies ſending to them from Belfaſt, and ſtill detained them. That there are about 300 of his Majeſty's Troops in the Town of Belfaſt, and that the Number of armed Proteſtants aſſembled there, amounted to near 4000, all in great Spirits, and under no Kind of Apprehenſion for the Safety of that Town.

Dublin, February 26. Upon the Reduction of the Garriſon of Carrickfergus, a French Officer arrived at Belfaſt with a Flag of Truce, demanding 50 Hogſheads of Claret, 30 Pipes of Brandy, 25 Tons of Bread, 2 Tons of Onions; and if they did not immediately comply with theſe Terms, they would firſt lay the Town of Carrickfergus in Aſhes, and afterwards proceed directly to Belfaſt. The principal Inhabitants of Belfaſt agreed to theſe Propoſitions, and furniſhed moſt of the Materials as faſt as they could be collected: However, not placing an implicit Confidence in Gallic Faith, they wiſely exerted the beſt Means in their Power to fortify their Town, and themſelves, againſt an Attack. There is a moſt glorious Spirit at this Time diſplayed in the Northern Militia; 11 or 1200 fine Fellows under Arms by Six o'Clock Yeſterday Evening at Belfaſt. Impatient for Engagement, above 300 proceeded this Morning from our Town and Neighbourhood; and upon the loweſt Calculation I can make, there will not be leſs than 3000 Militia Men this Evening at Belfaſt. We have the Pleaſure alſo of hearing, that Lord Drogheda's Light Horſe paſſed through Liſburn about Two o'Clock this Morning, who, from their Alacrity and Expedition, well deſerve the Title of Hunters. The laſt Intelligence received from Belfaſt is, that the French are now entrenched about Mid-way between Belfaſt and Carrickfergus; that they made a new Demand this Morning of 1000 Pounds Worth of Proviſions; that the Town anſwered, Their Demands were ſo extravagant they were obliged to reject them; that if they expected further Supplies from Belfaſt, they muſt come and take them. Monſ. Thurot's Undertaking has, from the very Beginning, appeared a moſt deſperate one, and ſhould he perſevere in the Enterprize, and riſk an Engagement, we have little Reaſon to doubt of Succeſs; for, when we conſider that three Frigates, one of 40, and two of 32 Guns each, could not well contain 1000 Soldiers; 3000 Militia Men fighting *(pro Aris & Focis)* aided alſo by ſome Troops of the Standing Army, cannot fail of Conqueſt. The moſt probable Opinion is, that the French will, in a very ſhort Time, ſecure their Retreat. As they are now Maſters of Carrickfergus, it is not poſſible for us to intercept their Return to their Ships.

Never did a greater Spirit of Unanimity, Loyalty, and Courage, appear in any Country, than what there is now in this Kingdom; the Parliament having voted 300,000 l. more, laſt Monday, for his Majeſty's Service, by a Vote of Credit at five *per Cent.* and one more upon the 150,000 l. before granted; the People in all Parts of the Kingdom arraying themſelves in Defence of their Country, to oppoſe an Invaſion; and ſuch is the Eagerneſs of the common People in the North, that Numbers of them who cannot get Arms, are providing themſelves with Daggers, Cutteaus, Pickaxes, Shovels, Pitchforks, *&c.* to attack the French at Carrickfergus, &c.

March 4. Private Letters adviſe, that the two inferior Frigates of Thurot, ſtruck immediately upon the Surrender of the Marſhal de Belleiſle. The Engliſh Ships took each their Veſſel to combat with. The Pallas was commanded by Capt. Clements, and the Brilliant by Capt. Logie. The Trade of this Kingdom, particularly the Baltic, is hereby relieved from a troubleſome flying Squadron, and France has not only ſuſtained a freſh Loſs by this Event in her little Navy, but more ſo in the Death of an active and experienced Naval Partizan.

We hear that ſome Officers are ſuſpended, for being abſent from their Poſts when the French landed in Ireland.

Several Regiments have Orders to be in Readineſs againſt the 9th Inſtant, when they will be aſſembled together, and ſoon after embark on board the Tranſports prepared for that Purpoſe, attended by a formidable Fleet, in order to ſet out on a grand Expedition.

It is aſſured that the Army under Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick next Campaign will conſiſt of 100,000 Men.

March 6. By an Officer, who arrived with the Expreſs from Captain Elliot, we are informed, that M. Thurot was killed by the ſecond Broadſide. He received his Death's Wound from a Ball which entered his Throat cloſe to the Windpipe; and when the Belleiſle ſtruck, he was found among a great Number of dead Bodies, on the Quarter-deck, which were all thrown overboard. He had given Orders, that in caſe he fell, he might be ſerved ſo himſelf; but Captain Elliot diſtinguiſhed him from the Reſt, and ordered his Corpſe to be brought on Shore on the Iſle of Man.

An Augmentation is ordered to be made forthwith of ten Men per Company, to each of the three Regiments of Foot-guards.

Orders are given for near twenty independent Companies of Foot to be raiſed with the greateſt Expedition.

We hear Orders will be given for building ſome Forts in the North of Ireland, and repairing others, which are to be garriſoned, and ſupplied with Neceſſaries, to prevent any Surprize in thoſe Parts.

March 8. It is rumoured that the Norfolk Man of War, which ſailed from Portſmouth the 6th of January, in Company with the Panther Man of War, for the Brazils, is loſt off the Iſland of Madeira.

We hear that eleven Ships of the Line, and 4 Frigates, with a conſiderable Number of Land Forces on board, ſailed from the Iſland of Mauritius the 4th of Auguſt, upon an Expedition againſt Bombay; thoſe Land Forces conſiſted moſtly of Indians, diſciplined by the French as well as they could. We are likewiſe told, that the Dutch being at a Loſs how to aſſiſt the French in the Eaſt-Indies without coming to an open Rupture with Great-Britain, have hit upon an Expedient, which they imagine will paſs Muſter; and that was to declare War againſt the Nabob in the Engliſh Intereſt; in Conſequence of which, eight Men of War have ſailed from Batavia with a good Number of Land Forces on board.

Thurſday Orders were iſſued out at the War-Office for 8000 Men, under the Command of ten Field Officers, to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march at a Minute's Warning to the Iſle of Wight, to encamp till further Orders.

According to Letters from Verſailles, by the Way of Holland, the Preparations making by the French Court for the Reduction of Hanover are carried on with the utmoſt Diligence; and we are told, that immediately after the Tenth of this Month, 17 Battalions were to begin their March through the Auſtrian Low Countries for the King's Army in Germany.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, March 9.

Early on Friday the Fleets from Spithead fell down to St. Helens, in order to proceed to their ſeveral Deſtinations. The Fleet bound for the Eaſt-Indies got clear off that Evening, as did that for the Downs; but that for the Weſt-Indies, which is very large, brought to at St. Helens, the Wind coming about to W. N. W.

This Morning, at Ten o'Clock, Admiral Holmes fired a Gun at St. Helens, and hauled home his Sheets, on which the whole Fleet began to get under Way, and, if the Wind does not oppoſe them, they will get into the Offing at near Eaſt.

We hear a Number of Engineers, Miners, &c. will ſoon ſet out for Louiſbourg, in order to blow up the Fortifications, and otherwiſe deſtroy that Place, ſo as to render it uſeleſs to any Power.

'Tis now again ſaid that a powerful Fleet will be ſent into the Baltic.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, March 10.

This Morning Admiral Holmes, in the Cambridge, with the Vanguard and Dublin, ſailed from St. Helens, with all the Ships under their Convoy for America and the Weſt-Indies.

We find, by our laſt Accounts from the Eaſt-Indies, that ſeven Dutch Men of War, who had 500 Troops on board, had put into Bengall, and, upon their not giving a ſatisfactory Account of themſelves, Admiral Pocock ſignified to them, that if they went any farther up the Country, or landed any of their Troops, he ſhould look upon them as Enemies to our King and Country, and ſhould take Methods accordingly.

Admiral Broderick, with the Fleet under his Command, was cruizing off Gibraltar the 10th ult.

We hear that the French King has ſettled a Penſion of 400 Livres per Annum on M. Thurot's Father.

Orders are given for conveying the French Priſoners taken on board Captain Thurot's Squadron, at Ramſay, in the Iſle of Man, by the Æolus, Brilliant and Pallas Men of War, to Plymouth; where they are to be ſecured in the ſeveral Hoſpitals and other Places appointed for that Purpoſe, till a general Cartel is granted for an Exchange of Priſoners of War.

March 8. The Mayor of Carrickfergus was on board the Marſhal Belleiſle, when taken off the Iſle of Man by the gallant Captain Elliot, M. Thurot had brought him from thence as an Hoſtage, that an equal Number of French Priſoners, with thoſe taken at the above Place, ſhould be ſent to France.

By a Letter from on board the Pallas Frigate, in Ramſay Bay, dated February 29, we are informed, that M. Thurot intended to have landed on the Iſle of Man, and raiſed Contributions there, and alſo to have attempted taking the Shipping at Liverpool and Whitehaven, before he returned to France.

They write from Cumberland, that as ſoon as they heard of Thurot's being at Carrickfergus, they aſſembled together, well armed, as expecting a Viſit from him, and formed themſelves into ten independent Companies, giving each other their Words, to defend their Properties at the utmoſt Hazard of their Lives.—A laudable Example on any future Occaſion.

Captain Elliot, of the Æolus, who had the Honour of conquering the celebrated Thurot, is Brother to Gilbert Elliot, of Minto, Eſq; one of the Lords of the Admiralty, and not more than 26 Years of Age.——Happy Æra! when Britain can boaſt a Liſt of Heroes at an Age ſeldom known (and then but as a Prodigy) in the Times of ancient Greece and Rome.

The following is a Liſt of the Proviſions which were demanded by the French from the Town of Belfaſt, viz. 40 Hogſheads of Wine, 20 Hogſheads of Brandy, 30 Barrels of Peaſe, 3 Bags of Onions & Garlic, 60 Beeves, 4 Barrels of Vinegar, 4000 Weight of Biſcuit, 1000 Weight of Tobacco, 600 Weight of Candles, 400 Weight of Rice, and 100 Weight of Sugar.

The Caſtle of Carrickfergus is an old Fortification, now out of Repair, and almoſt incapable of making Defence; a Circumſtance the more extraordinary, as it is the only Magazine in the North of Ireland, from which all the Troops in that Part of the Country are ſupplied with Powder, &c. 'Tis probable the weak Situation of this Place was not unknown to the French Commander; which, with the Proſpect of being able to releaſe the Priſoners, and to make himſelf Maſter of the opulent City of Belfaſt, only eight Miles diſtant, was no inconſiderable Incentive to his daring Attempt.

By a private Letter from Germany, of good Credit, by laſt Mail, we learn that the King of Pruſſia will take the Field this Spring with not leſs than 180,000 Men.

March 13. Ten Ships of the Line, and four Frigates, are ordered to be victualled immediately, with ſix Months Proviſions, at full Allowance, to proceed on foreign Service.

The grand Fleet, now equipping for Sea, will be the moſt formidable of any that has ſailed during the War: we hear it is to conſiſt of 28 Capital Ships of the Line, beſides Frigates, Sloops, Fire-ſhips, Bomb-ketches, and Tranſports. This Fleet, it is ſaid, is to be accompanied by about 14,000 Land Forces, including a Draught of Engineers, Bombardiers, and Matroſſes, to the Amount of 500 Men: Its Deſtination is kept a Secret.

Laſt Sunday Admiral Boſcawen, in the Namure, with

with the Royal William, two Frigates, and the Victuallers, sailed from Plymouth for the Bay.

Commodore Boys, with his Squadron, is arrived from Scotland at the Nore.

Capta'n Lockhart is appointed to the Command of his Majesty's Ship Bedford, at Chatham.

March 15. We have an Account from Carrickfergus, by Letters by Yesterday's Post, that before M. Thurot sailed, he seized, a Brig and a Collier coming in; out of the former of whom he took 50 Hogsheads of Sugar, and afterwards set her on Fire; and, after throwing the Coals out of the latter, he put some of his Land Forces on board, and brought her with him.

The Fleet said to be destined for the Baltic, we hear, is to consist of two Ships of 80 Guns, six of 70, seven of 60, and six Frigates; and it is expected it will be ready for Sea by the Beginning of next Month.

It is reported that one of his Majesty's Yachts is actually ready to carry over the Earl of Halifax, Sir Thomas Robinson, and another Right Honourable Personage, to Holland, in order to go to the intended Congress at the Hague, or elsewhere, for a General Peace.

Extract of a Letter from Freyberg, Feb. 27.

"Since my last a small Affair has happened between the Prussians and Austrians, of which we have received the following Particulars.

"General Beck, who was posted with a Body of Austrians at Grossen Hayn, being greatly straitened for Provisions, which were become very scarce, formed a Plan for seizing the Prussian Magazine, in the Neighbourhood of Torgau.

"Accordingly last Wednesday he marched with his whole Force, in order to carry his Plan into Execution; and came on so briskly, that they were within Half a German Mile of the Prussian Quarters, before they were discovered.

"The Prussian General Czritz being informed of their Approach, he immediately got Part of his Troops under Arms, and put himself at their Head; but the Austrians being greatly superior in Number, and he not timely supported, he was soon obliged to retreat in Confusion; and, falling from his Horse, was taken Prisoner, with two Officers that ran to his Assistance, with about 40 Men, who were all disarmed, and sent off immediately with a strong Party for Grossen Hayn.

"By this time the Prussian Horse appearing, the Foot rallied, and being joined by two Companies of fresh Men, they attacked the Austrians so furiously, that they were soon repulsed in their Turn, and obliged to retreat precipitately, before they had Time to send off any Part of our Magazine, of which they were actually in Possession. The Prussian Horse pursued them for two German Miles, and took 32 Prisoners, who could not keep up with their main Body; and they left behind them 27 killed and wounded.

"The killed and wounded on our Side did not consist of above 80; our Troops, who were surprised and fled at the first Onset, not having been pursued by the Austrians, who went immediately in Search of our Magazine.

"Since the above Affair, nothing material has happened in these Parts."

Dublin Castle, Feb. 27. By an Express we are informed, that the French Troops were all embarked at 6 o'Clock Yesterday Morning, but not sailed. They have left Lieut. Col. Jennings, and the Officers and Soldiers who were with him at Carrickfergus, under Parole, not to serve until exchanged. Brigadier General Flobert, who commanded the Land-Forces, is left at Carrickfergus, wounded in the Leg. Their present Commander is Mon. Gavenac, who has taken with him the Mayor of Carrickfergus, and three other Gentlemen of the Town. They plundered the Town, and threw the Powder they found in the Magazine into the Sea.

Belfast, March 1. This Morning arrived in our Harbour, and came to Anchor off Carrickfergus, his Majesty's Ship Pallas, Captain Clements Commander.

The Pallas brought with her about 500 Prisoners, 100 of whom are Officers, being almost all that were with the French Squadron, who are now landed at Carrickfergus, and she is to return To-morrow to join the Squadron. The Occasion of bringing the Prisoners here was to ease the Ships, to prevent an Infection from the Number of Wounded.

Lieutenant Sharpe, of the Pallas, says, that three Men were killed in attempting to strike the Colours of the Belleisle; during which Attempt M. Thurot was killed, ten Minutes after his first Orders to strike.

From the LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, March 6, 1760.

Copy of a Letter from Captain ELLIOTT, *of his Majesty's Ship Æolus, to Mr. Cleveland, dated in Ramsay-Bay, in the Isle of Man, the 29th of February,* 1760.

PLEASE to acquaint the Right Honourable my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that on the 24th Instant I received Information at Kinsale, from his Grace the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, that there were three of the Enemy's Ships at Carrickfergus. The same Evening I sailed with his Majesty's Ship under my Command, together with the Pallas and Brilliant, in Quest of them. I made the Entrance of Carrickfergus, on the Evening of the 26th, but could not get in, the Wind being contrary, and very bad Weather. On the 28th, at 4 in the Morning, we got Sight of them, and gave Chace. At Nine I got up along Side their Commodore, (off the Isle of Man) and in a few Minutes after the Action became general, and lasted about an Hour and Half, when they all three struck their Colours. They are, the Marshal Belleisle, of 44 Guns, and 545 Men, including Troops, M. Thurot, Commander, who is killed; the La Blond, of 32 Guns and 400 Men, commanded by Captain La Kayce; and the Terpsichore, of 26 Guns, and 300 Men, commanded by Capt. Defrauadais. I put into this Road to repair the Ships, who are all much disabled in their Masts and Rigging, the Marshal Belleisle in particular, who lost her Bowsprit, Mizen-mast, and Main-yard, in the Action, and it was with great Difficulty we prevented her sinking. It is with the greatest Pleasure I acquaint their Lordships, that the Officers and Men of his Majesty's Ships behaved remarkably well on this Occasion. I shall use the greatest Dispatch in getting the Ships refitted, and propose to return to Plymouth, or some other Port in England, as soon as possible, if I do not receive their Lordships Directions before the Ships are got ready.

Inclosed is an Account of the Killed and Wounded on board his Majesty's Ships. I am, &c.

JOHN ELLIOT.

In his Majesty's Ships Killed and Wounded.

Æolus - - -	4	15
Pallas - - -	1	5
Brilliant - - -	0	11

N. B. I find it impossible to ascertain the Number of the Enemy killed and wounded, but by the best Accounts I can get, they amount to about 300.

NEW-YORK, *May* 5.

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, March 13, 1760.

"Admiral Boscawen is gone into the Bay to keep the French Fleet in. A Fleet of 22 Sail of the Line, we shall certainly send into the Baltic, as soon as the Season will permit, to be a Check on the Russians, to prevent their supplying their Army against the King of Prussia."

ANNAPOLIS, *May* 15.

Saturday last arrived here the Snow *Fortune*, Captain *Alexander Christie*, in 35 Days from *Lisbon*. In Latitude 25: 30, and Longitude 50 Deg. he spoke with Capt. *Samuel Boyle*, in the *Friendship*, from *London*, for *South-Carolina*, who had had the Misfortune of losing his Head and Bowsprit, by another Ship running foul of him. He had several Passengers on board, all well.

Capt. *Christie* says, that in the short Time he lay at *Lisbon*, they had two Earthquakes, about a Week Distance from each other.

Captain *Garnett*, in a Ship from Mr. *Thomas Philpot*, and Captain *Curling*, in a Ship from Messieurs *Hanbury*, in *London*, are arrived in *Patuxent*. Captain *Curling* is to come up the Bay in a Day or Two.

This Morning the Honourable DANIEL DULANY, Esq; Recorder of this City, and Commissary-General of this Province, set out from hence on a Journey for *Boston*, on Account of his Health.

The *Earl of Halifax* Packet Boat, Captain *Boulderson*, is arrived at *New-York*, in 41 Days from *Falmouth*.

On Monday last the Theatre in this City was closed, when the Tragedy of the GAMESTER was Acted, for the Benefit of Mr. *Scott*.

The following EPILOGUE, addressed to the LADIES, was spoken by Mrs. DOUGLASS.

YE gen'rous FAIR, ere finally we part,
Accept the Tribute of a grateful Heart.
O'erlooking Faults, and lib'ral of your Favours,
You've smil'd indulgent on our weak Endeavours.
Our wand'ring Theatre, o'erpaid and grac'd,
Now hails your Bounty, and proclaims your Taste;
While all those Charms of Person, so refin'd,
Shine brighter from the Splendour of your Mind.
Blush not to own you caught the noble Fire,
Which high-wrought Scenes, and Tragic Strains, inspire.
Blush not, that for imaginary Woes,
Your tender Bosoms heav'd with real Throes.
Think, while those Tears in humid Lustre roll,
They testify Benevolence of Soul.
These, flowing for heroic Worth distress'd,
Speak the rich Virtues of a Female Breast!
——Shou'd Lovers sneer at These—Ah! scorn their Suit!—
The worst of Coxcombs is th' unfeeling Brute!
——Nay—shou'd the formal Prude, in peevish Age,
Rail at the Comic Humours of the Stage;
——Then say—You're proud those Patterns to enjoy,
Who teach the World, and rationally toy!
Say, that true Mirth, to vicious Minds unknown,
Is the just Claim of Innocence alone:
That Characters of Jilt, Rake, Knave and Fool,
Are best expos'd by moral Ridicule!
And Maids are arm'd by each instructive Plan,
'Gainst all the wily Arts of dang'rous Man.
Oh! may your Influence still propitious prove,
To cheer our distant Labours, as we rove!
Till Sister-Colonies assert our Cause;
And Their's resound fair MARYLAND's *Applause!*
To aid the Muse, if still such Circles shine;
Brave Youths shall glow with Sentiments divine.
Love's Votaries thence shall merit Britain's Praise;
And kindle into Patriots, as they gaze!
While genuine Excellence their Hearts inflames;
France shall droop, conscious of her painted Dames;
And still deplore the Triumphs of our Arms,
Till Gallic Beauty rivals English *Charms.*

As the Theatrical Amusements are over for this Season, it may not be disagreeable to our Readers to give them a List of the Plays Acted here since the Arrival of the Company:

	PLAYS.	FARCES.	
Mar. 3.	Orphan,	Lethe, or Æsop in the Shades.	
6.	Recruiting Officer,	Miss in her Teens.	
8.	Venice Preserved,	Mock-Doctor.	
10.	Richard III.	King and the Miller.	
13.	Provok'd Husband,	Stage Coach.	
15.	Fair Penitent,	Anatomist.	
20.	Stratagem,	Lethe.	
22.	George Barnwell,	Lying Valet.	
24.	Busy Body,	Mock-Doctor.	
27.	Revenge,	Lying Valet.	
29.	Bold stroke for a Wife,	Damon and Phillida.	
	[*In Passion Week the House was shut.*]		
Apr. 7.	* Romeo & Juliet, †	Stage Coach.	
8.	Provok'd Husband,	Honest Yorkshireman.	
9.	Othello,	Devil to Pay.	
10.	Constant Couple.	King and the Miller.	
11.	* Romeo & Juliet, †	Miss in her Teens.	
12.	Suspicious Husband,	Mock-Doctor.	
14.	Richard III. (*Ben. Mr.* Douglass)		Hob.
15.	Fair Penitent (Mr. *Palmer.*)		Lying Valet.
16.	Venice Preserved (Mr. *Murray.*)		Devil to Pay.
17.	Provok'd Husband (Mrs. *Douglass.*)		Yorkshireman.
19.	Revenge (Mr. *Hallam.*)		Lethe.
22.	Stratagem (Mrs. & Miss *Dowthaitt.*)		Lying Valet.
23.	Orphan (Miss *Crane*, & Comp.)		Lethe.
24.	Constant Couple (Mr. *Morris.*)		Yorkshireman.
May 5.	Douglass (Master *A. Hallam.*)		V. Unmask'd.
8.	Jew of *Venice* (Mrs. *Morris.*)		Lethe.
12.	Gamester (Mr. *Scott.*)		Toy-Shop.

* *Romeo*, by a young Gentleman for his Diversion.

† With the Funeral Procession of *Juliet*, to the Monument of the *Capulets*.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY.

At the THEATRE in Upper-Marlborough, *on* Thursday *next, being the* 22*d Instant, will be presented, a* TRAGEDY, *written by the Rev. Mr.* HUME, *call'd,*

DOUGLASS.

Lord RANDOLPH,	Mr. SCOTT.
GLENALVON,	Mr. DOUGLASS.
DOUGLASS,	Mr. HALLAM.
NORVAL,	Mr. MORRIS.
OFFICER,	Mr. MURRAY.
Lady RANDOLPH,	Mrs. DOUGLASS,
ANNA,	Miss CRANE.

An occasional PROLOGUE to be spoken by Mr. HALLAM.

To which will be added, a DRAMATIC SATIRE, *call'd,*

LETHE, or, *ÆSOP* in the SHADES.

For the Conveniency of such Gentlemen and Ladies, who chuse to go Home after the Play, the Company propose to begin at IV o'Clock.

JUST IMPORTED *from BARBADOS,*

A QUANTITY of very good RUM and *MUSCOVADO* SUGAR, to be Sold very reasonably, for ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, by Mr. HENRY TUBMAN at *Benedict*, and the Subscriber at *Nottingham*.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

THE MANAGERS of the *Upper-Marlborough* Lottery, will attend at the House of Mr. *Benjamin Berry*, on Saturday the 31st Instant, in order to Contract with any Person for the Building of a PUBLIC WHARF at the Town aforesaid. Any Person, willing to undertake the same, may see a Plan, by applying to the Subscriber.

GEORGE CLARKE.

Annapolis, May 13, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the Snow *Annapolis*, now lying at this Place, *John Bird*, (a Mariner) a short, well set Fellow, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, wears his own Hair, which is of a Flaxen Colour, a little pitted with the Small-Pox, has a fresh Colour, talks pretty good *English*, and was born in *Germany*. Had on when he went away, a light colour'd Jacket, Check Shirt, Leather Breeches, Felt Hat, blue Yarn Stockings, and old single channel'd Pumps.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

ALEXANDER SCOUGALL.

CASTINGS, such as Iron-Pots, Griddles, Baking Kettles with Lids, Dogs, Backs, Kettles, Skillets, &c. &c. to be Sold very Cheap, by LANCELOT JACQUES.

ANY young Man, of a good Character, and steady Conduct, qualified for a CLERK, who wants Employ, may hear of a good Birth, by enquiring at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

Patuxent Iron-Works, *May* 1, 1760.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Public Notice to all Persons any ways indebted to him, either by Bond, Bill, Note, or open Account, that they are desired to come and make Payment, or otherwise satisfy him for the same, by the Tenth of *June*. Attendance will be duly given every Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, in each Week, till that Time: And all those concerned, who neglect complying with the Requisites of this Advertisement, may expect to be called upon in such a Manner, as must prove Chargeable to them, and Disagreeable to RICHARD SNOWDEN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Little*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock C, and about 3 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST IMPORTED *from* LONDON, *And to be* SOLD *by* SAMUEL EVANS, *Book-Binder, near Mrs.* Howard's *in* Annapolis,

A COLLECTION of BOOKS, consisting of History, Law, and Physic; together with great Variety of School-Books and Stationary.

During his Stay here, which will be about two Months, he will Bind old or new BOOKS in the neatest and most expeditious Manner.

Baltimore Iron-Works, *April* 28, 1760.

RAN away last Night Three Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

Richard Carman, a middle aged Man, of a pale Complexion, well-set, speaks in the West Country Dialect, has on a dirty Frock of Furled Linen, and his other Apparel is such as Servants commonly wear, and very dirty, as he work'd in the Coaling Business.

John Carman, a lusty lubberly Fellow, and Brother to the above named *Richard*, is about thirty Years of Age, of a fresh Complexion, and speaks in the West Country Dialect. His Apparel is coarse and dirty.

James Singewood, belonging to Col. *Benjamin Tasker*, came into the Country this Year, he is about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, a middle-siz'd Man, well-set, and stoops much in his Shoulders, has a Parcel of greasy Cloaths which he brought with him from the Ship, and two white Shirts. He is an *Englishman*.

Whoever secures the said Convicts in any Prison, so that they may be had again, shall receive Fifty Shillings for each or either, if taken in this Province; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges if brought home.

R. CROXALL.

N. B. Richard and *John Carman* are Weavers by Trade. They all may steal other Apparel, and change their Names.

St. Mary's County, *April* 28, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 22d Instant, an *Irish* Convict Servant Man, named *Cornelius O'Neil*, a well looking Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a red Head and Beard, and wears a brown cut Wig, a brown Surtout Coat, a strip'd Swan-skin Jacket, and a blue Pair of Breeches; he is an impertinent Fellow, and is supposed to have a forged Pass as from Capt. *John Dickinson*, Master of the Ship *Swale*, whom he came in with, and may pretend to pass for a Pedlar, as he had a small Pack with him when he went away; he may also pretend to be a Sailor, as he was on board the Ship all the while she was in the Country. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows.

JAMES MILLS.

ANY Person of a good Character, that is or may soon be qualified for a Bar-Keeper, may, by applying to the Subscriber, meet with great Encouragement. HENRY GASSAWAY.

To be Exposed to SALE, *on Wednesday the* 18*th Day of* JUNE, *at the House of Mr.* Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *for Bills of Exchange, Sterling Cash, or* Maryland *Currency*,

A CHOICE Parcel of LAND lying in *Frederick* County, on *Patowmack*, containing 500 Acres, well Timber'd and Water'd, and some Meadow Ground may be easily made.

For Terms, apply (any Time before the Day of Sale) to NINIAN EDMONSTON.

March 17, 1760.

STOLEN from the Plantation of *Philip Thomas*, on his Lordship's Manor of *Anne-Arundel*, Two small Plow Horses. The one a Sorrel, with a blazed Face, four white Feet, a Brand on the near Buttock resembling a Cross, and about 12½ Hands high. The other a Dark Grey, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder TP (join'd in one) not very clear, about the same Size. They are suspected to be taken by one *John Smith*, who came some Time since from the back Parts of *Virginia*, and is supposed to be gone there again.

Whoever shall bring the said Horses to the said *Philip Thomas*, or shall apprehend the said *John Smith*, and bring him before any Magistrate in *Anne-Arundel* County, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward.

SEVERAL Tracts of very valuable LAND lying in *Frederick* County, to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, Crop Tobacco, or Current Money.

HENRY WRIGHT CRABB.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in *Alexandria*, *viz.*

3	Tickets	at £. 50	£. 150
3	Ditto	at 25	75
10	Ditto	at 10	100
20	Ditto	at 5	100
40	Ditto	at 2	80
745	Ditto	at 1	745
821	Prizes.	Sum raised	250
2179	Blanks.		
3000	Tickets at 10 *s.*		£. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction.

The Drawing to begin the first Day of *September* next.

The Prizes to be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deem'd as generously given to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, *George William Fairfax*, *William Ramsay*, *John Carlyle*, *Gerard Alexander*, *John Dalton*, *George Johnston*, *George Mason*, *John Hunter*, *Robert Adam*, and *John Muir*, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Managers, or from Col. *John Champe*, or *Allan Macrae*, Merchant, at *Dumfries*; *Hector Ross* and *Benjamin Grayson*, Merchants, at *Colchester*; *Philip Richard Fendall*, of *Charles* County; Messrs. *Symmers* and *John Weldon*, Merchants, at *Upper-Marlborough*; and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship PHŒNIX, *Captain* Mc GACHIN, *from* LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS; to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Money, Bills, or short Credit.

DANIEL CARROLL.

ABRAHAM MILTON, Author of the FARMER'S COMPANION, informs the Public, That altho' the Time appointed for taking in Subscriptions for the same is compleated, yet the several Accounts not being sent in, he cannot ascertain what Number is subscribed for, and therefore refers the same till about the last of *June* next, hoping by that Time to have every Thing in Order for the Press.

THE PHŒNIX (a very fine Ship for Force and Heels, and carries about 600 Hogsheads) now lying in PATOWMACK River, Takes in TOBACCO for LONDON, consigned to Mr. JOHN STEWART and Company, at Twelve Pounds Sterling *per* Ton. She will sail about the first of *June*, but her Stay is limited, so that she cannot exceed the 10th of that Month. And the Insurance of the Tobacco is made in such a Manner in *London*, that the Shippers may have what they put on board insured so as to recover, in Case of Loss, from Five Shillings *per* Hogshead to Fifty Pounds *per* Hogshead, or they may choose whether they will accept of any Insurance or not; provided Notice of their Intention is given to Captain *William Mc Gachin*, or to the Subscriber, before the Bills of Lading are signed.

DAVID ROSS.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Thursday the 18th of *October* last, Two New Negroes; the one a Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, supposed to be about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Crocus Shirt and Trowsers, and a new white Plading Jacket. He will answer to the Name of *Isaac*. The other a Woman, is very small, talks in her own Language very fast, and appears to be older than the Man. Had on when she went away, a Crocus Shift, and a white Plading Petticoat; she also carried with her a Piece of greenish colour'd Cloth, which I suppose may supply the want of a Jacket. She will answer to the Name of *Sarah*.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me at *George-Town* on *Patowmack* River, or secures them so that I can have them again, shall have a Reward of Twenty-five Shillings for each, besides reasonable Charges paid, if taken up 20 Miles from home, and delivered to me.

ROBERT PETER.

Since first publishing the above Advertisement, some Circumstances have been discovered, by which it is conjectured the above Slaves were stolen.

March 26, 1760.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works, on *Patapsco* in *Maryland*, two Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

Thomas Woodcock, a thin faced *Englishman*, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, short brown Hair, stoops in his Walk, and snuffles in his Speech. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, Country Shoes nailed round the Sole, Yarn Stockings, a knit Yarn Cap, and old Hat.

Lawrence Farrola, an *Irishman*, a lusty, well-set Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, black Hair, has a long sharp Nose, and lubberly Walk. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, speckled Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in *Baltimore* County, Forty Shillings for each; if in any other County of the Province, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought home. R. CROXALL.

N. B. They may steal other Cloaths, and change their Names.

Upper-Marlborough, *March* 18, 1760.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

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